

WEB

Product Data Sheet

Lysosome Red Probes

CRG1108			
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Description	Re	d Fluorescent acidotrop	ic probes for labeling and tracking acidic organelles in live
	ce	lls	
Specificity	We	eakly basic amines selec	tively accumulate in cellular compartments with low
	int	ernal pH and can be use	d to investigate the biosynthesis and pathogenesis of
	lys	osomes. The Lysosome	Red Probes are fluorescent acidotropic probes for labeling
	an	d tracking acidic organe	les in live cells. These probes have several important
	fea	atures, including high se	ectivity for acidic organelles and effective labeling of live
	ce	lls at nanomolar concen	trations.
Form	Liq	luid	
Application	Th	e Lysosome Red Probes,	which consist of a fluorophore linked to a weak base that
	is o	only partially protonated	at neutral pH, are freely permeant to cell membranes
	an	d typically concentrate i	n spherical organelles. Their mechanism of retention has
	no	t been firmly establishe	d but is likely to involve protonation and retention in the
	me	embranes of the organel	les, although staining is generally not reversed by
	su	bsequent treatment of t	he cells with weakly basic cell-permeant compounds.
	Nc	ote that in Lysosome Red	Probes stained cells, the lysosomal fluorescence may
	CO	nstitute only a small por	tion of total cellular fluorescence, making it difficult to
	qu	antitate the number of l	ysosomes by flow cytometry or fluorometry.
Directions for	Use 1.	Prepare the working sol	ution
	Ad	ld Lysosome Red Probes	to the cell culture medium at the ratio of 1:10,000 -
	1:2	20,000. The final concen	tration is 50-100 nM. The working solution can be
	wa	armed at 37°C before use	2.
	2.	Label the lysosomes	
	Fo	r adherent cells, discard	the cell medium and wash with 1 x PBS. Adding the
	wo	orking solution, and incu	bate the cells at 37°C for 30 mins to 2 hours. Discard the
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working solution, wash with 1 x PBS for three times, and then photographed under a fluorescence microscope.

For suspension cells, centrifuge to obtain a cell pellet and aspirate the supernatant. Resuspend the cells gently in probe-containing medium, and incubate the cells at 37°C for 30 mins to 2 hours. Centrifuge to obtain a cell pellet and aspirate the supernatant, wash with 1 x PBS for three times, and then photographed under a fluorescence microscope.

Notice

1. If the staining effect is not good, the concentration of the probe in the working fluid can increase the concentration of the working solution , or can extend the reaction time.

2. In order to reduce the background, pleasee use lower concentration probes.

3. Take photos quickly, because the dye is easy to quench.

Storage/Stability Store at -20 °C in the dark for 6 months.

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